

1 STATE OF OKLAHOMA

2 1st Session of the 60th Legislature (2025)

3 HOUSE BILL 2817

By: Marti

4  
5  
6 AS INTRODUCED

7 An Act relating to health care; creating the Oklahoma  
8 Rebate Pass-Through and Pharmacy Benefits Manager  
9 Meaningful Transparency Act of 2025; providing cost  
10 sharing calculation methodology, limitations, and  
11 requirements; creating penalties; clarifying  
12 authority to take certain actions; prohibiting the  
13 disclosure of certain information; declaring that  
14 certain information not be considered public record;  
15 amending 36 O.S. 2021, Section 6960, as last amended  
16 by Section 1, Chapter 306, O.S.L. 2024 (36 O.S. Supp.  
17 2024, Section 6960), which relates to definitions;  
18 defining terms; creating PBM disclosures; amending 36  
19 O.S. 2021, Section 6962, as last amended by Section  
20 2, Chapter 306, O.S.L. 2024 (36 O.S. Supp. 2024,  
21 Section 6962), which relates to pharmacy benefits  
22 manager compliance; creating duties; amending 36 O.S.  
23 2021, Section 6964, which relates to a formulary for  
24 prescription drugs; creating agency duties; amending  
59 O.S. 2021, Section 357, as amended by Section 4,  
Chapter 332, O.S.L. 2024 (59 O.S. Supp. 2024, Section  
357), which relates to definitions; modifying  
definitions; amending 59 O.S. 2021, Section 358, as  
amended by Section 5, Chapter 332, O.S.L. 2024 (59  
O.S. Supp. 2024, Section 358), which relates to  
pharmacy benefits management licensure, procedure,  
and penalties; creating duties; creating licensing  
application requirements; providing for  
noncodification; providing for codification; and  
providing an effective date.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

1 SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law not to be  
2 codified in the Oklahoma Statutes reads as follows:

3 This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Oklahoma Rebate  
4 Pass-Through and Pharmacy Benefits Manager Meaningful Transparency  
5 Act of 2025".

6 SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
7 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6962.2 of Title 36, unless there  
8 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

9 A. An enrollee's defined cost sharing for each prescription  
10 drug shall be calculated at the point of sale based on a price that  
11 is reduced by an amount equal to at least eighty-five percent (85%)  
12 of all rebates received, or to be received, in connection with the  
13 dispensing or administration of the prescription drug.

14 B. For any violation of this section, the Insurance  
15 Commissioner may subject a pharmacy benefits manager (PBM) to an  
16 administrative penalty of not less than One Hundred Dollars  
17 (\$100.00) nor more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each  
18 occurrence. Such administrative penalty may be enforced in the same  
19 manner in which civil judgments may be enforced.

20 C. Nothing in subsections A and B of this section shall  
21 preclude a PBM from decreasing an enrollee's defined cost sharing by  
22 an amount greater than that required under subsection A of this  
23 section.

24

1 D. In implementing the requirements of this section, the state  
2 shall only regulate a PBM to the extent permissible under applicable  
3 law.

4 E. In complying with the provisions of this section, a PBM or  
5 its agents shall not publish or otherwise reveal information  
6 regarding the actual amount of rebates a PBM receives on a product  
7 or therapeutic class of products, manufacturer, or pharmacy-specific  
8 basis. Such information is protected as a trade secret, is not a  
9 public record as defined in the Oklahoma Open Records Act, Section  
10 24A.1 et seq. of Title 51 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and shall not be  
11 disclosed directly or indirectly, or in a manner that would allow  
12 for the identification of an individual product, therapeutic class  
13 of products, or manufacturer, or in a manner that would have the  
14 potential to compromise the financial, competitive, or proprietary  
15 nature of the information. A PBM shall impose the confidentiality  
16 protections of this section on any vendor or downstream third party  
17 that performs health care or administrative services on behalf of  
18 the insurer that may receive or have access to rebate information.

19 SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified  
20 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6970 of Title 36, unless there  
21 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

22 A. For purposes of this section:  
23  
24

1        1. "Defined cost sharing" means a deductible payment or  
2 coinsurance amount imposed on an enrollee for a covered prescription  
3 drug under the enrollee's health plan;

4        2. "Insurer" means any health insurance issuer that is subject  
5 to state law regulating insurance and offers health insurance  
6 coverage, as defined in 42 U.S.C., Section 300gg-91, or any state or  
7 local governmental employer plan;

8        3. "Price protection rebate" means a negotiated price  
9 concession that accrues directly or indirectly to the insurer, or  
10 other party on behalf of the insurer, in the event of an increase in  
11 the wholesale acquisition cost of a drug above a specified  
12 threshold;

13        4. "Rebate" means:

- 14            a. negotiated price concessions including, but not  
15            limited to, base price concessions (whether described  
16            as a rebate or otherwise) and reasonable estimates of  
17            any price protection rebates and performance-based  
18            price concessions that may accrue directly or  
19            indirectly to the insurer during the coverage year  
20            from a manufacturer, dispensing pharmacy, or other  
21            party in connection with the dispensing or  
22            administration of a prescription drug, and  
23            b. reasonable estimates of any negotiated price  
24            concessions, fees, and other administrative costs that

1 are passed through, or are reasonably anticipated to  
2 be passed through, to the insurer and serve to reduce  
3 the insurer's liabilities for a prescription drug.

4 B. An enrollee's defined cost sharing for each prescription  
5 drug shall be calculated at the point of sale based on a price that  
6 is reduced by an amount equal to at least eighty-five percent (85%)  
7 of all rebates received, or to be received, in connection with the  
8 dispensing or administration of the prescription drug.

9 C. For any violation of this section, the Insurance  
10 Commissioner may subject an insurer to an administrative penalty of  
11 not less than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) nor more than Ten  
12 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each occurrence. Such  
13 administrative penalty may be enforced in the same manner in which  
14 civil judgments may be enforced.

15 D. Nothing in subsections A through C of this section shall  
16 preclude an insurer from decreasing an enrollee's defined cost  
17 sharing by an amount greater than that required under subsection B  
18 of this section.

19 E. In implementing the requirements of this section, the state  
20 shall only regulate an insurer to the extent permissible under  
21 applicable law.

22 F. In complying with the provisions of this section, an insurer  
23 or its agents shall not publish or otherwise reveal information  
24 regarding the actual amount of rebates an insurer receives on a

1 product or therapeutic class of products, manufacturer, or pharmacy-  
2 specific basis. Such information is protected as a trade secret, is  
3 not a public record as defined in the Oklahoma Open Records Act,  
4 Section 24A.1 et seq. of Title 51 of the Oklahoma Statutes, and  
5 shall not be disclosed directly or indirectly, or in a manner that  
6 would allow for the identification of an individual product,  
7 therapeutic class of products, or manufacturer, or in a manner that  
8 would have the potential to compromise the financial, competitive,  
9 or proprietary nature of the information. An insurer shall impose  
10 the confidentiality protections of this section on any vendor or  
11 downstream third party that performs health care or administrative  
12 services on behalf of the insurer and that may receive or have  
13 access to rebate information.

14 SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 36 O.S. 2021, Section 6960, as  
15 last amended by Section 1, Chapter 306, O.S.L. 2024 (36 O.S. Supp.  
16 2024, Section 6960), is amended to read as follows:

17 Section 6960. A. For purposes of the Patient's Right to  
18 Pharmacy Choice Act:

19 1. "Administrative fees" means fees or payments from  
20 pharmaceutical manufacturers to, or otherwise retained by, a  
21 pharmacy benefits manager (PBM) or its designee pursuant to a  
22 contract between a PBM or affiliate and the manufacturer in  
23 connection with the PBM's administering, invoicing, allocating, and  
24 collecting the rebates;

1        2. "Aggregate retained rebate percentage" means the percentage  
2 of all rebates received by a PBM from all pharmaceutical  
3 manufacturers which is not passed on to the PBM's health plan or  
4 health insurer clients. Aggregate retained rebate percentage shall  
5 be expressed without disclosing any identifying information  
6 regarding any health plan, prescription drug, or therapeutic class,  
7 and shall be calculated by dividing:

8            a. the aggregate dollar amount of all rebates that the  
9            PBM received during the prior calendar year from all  
10           pharmaceutical manufacturers and did not pass through  
11           to the PBM's health plan or health insurer clients, by

12           b. the aggregate dollar amount of all rebates that the  
13           pharmacy benefits manager received during the prior  
14           calendar year from all pharmaceutical manufacturers;

15        3. "Covered entity" means a nonprofit hospital or medical  
16 service organization, for-profit hospital or medical service  
17 organization, insurer, health benefit plan, health maintenance  
18 organization, health program administered by the state in the  
19 capacity of providing health coverage, or an employer, labor union,  
20 or other group of persons that provides health coverage to persons  
21 in this state. This term does not include a health plan that  
22 provides coverage only for accidental injury, specified disease,  
23 hospital indemnity, disability income, or other limited benefit  
24

1 health insurance policies and contracts that do not include  
2 prescription drug coverage;

3 4. "Defined cost sharing" means a deductible payment or  
4 coinsurance amount imposed on an enrollee for a covered prescription  
5 drug under the enrollee's health plan;

6 5. "Formulary" means a list of prescription drugs, as well as  
7 accompanying tiering and other coverage information, that has been  
8 developed by an issuer, a health plan, or the designee of a health  
9 insurer or health plan, which the health insurer, health plan, or  
10 designee of the health insurer or health plan references in  
11 determining applicable coverage and benefit levels;

12 6. "Generic equivalent" means a drug that is designated to be  
13 therapeutically equivalent, as indicated by the United States Food  
14 and Drug Administration's "Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic  
15 Equivalence Evaluations"; provided, however, that a drug shall not  
16 be considered a generic equivalent until the drug becomes nationally  
17 available;

18 ~~2.~~ 7. "Health insurer" means any corporation, association,  
19 benefit society, exchange, partnership or individual subject to  
20 state law required insurance and licensed by under the Oklahoma  
21 Insurance Code;

22 8. "Health insurer administrative service fees" means fees or  
23 payments from a health insurer or a designee of the health insurer  
24 to, or otherwise retained by, a PBM or its designee pursuant to a



1 contract between a PBM or affiliate, and the health insurer or  
2 designee of the health insurer in connection with the PBM managing  
3 or administering the pharmacy benefit and administering, invoicing,  
4 allocating, and collecting rebates;

5 ~~3.~~ 9. "Health insurer payor" means a health insurance company,  
6 health maintenance organization, union, hospital and medical  
7 services organization or any entity providing or administering a  
8 self-funded health benefit plan;

9 10. "Health plan" means a policy, contract, certification, or  
10 agreement offered or issued by a health insurer to provide, deliver,  
11 arrange for, pay for, or reimburse any of the costs of health  
12 services;

13 ~~4.~~ 11. "Mail-order pharmacy" means a pharmacy licensed by this  
14 state that primarily dispenses and delivers covered drugs via common  
15 carrier;

16 12. "Pharmacy and therapeutics committee" or "P&T committee"  
17 means a committee at a hospital or a health insurance plan that  
18 decides which drugs will appear on that entity's drug formulary;

19 ~~5.~~ 13. "Pharmacy benefits manager" or "PBM" means a person,  
20 business, or other entity that, either directly or through an  
21 intermediary, performs pharmacy benefits management, as defined in  
22 paragraph 6 of Section 357 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

23 The term shall include a person or entity acting on behalf of a PBM  
24 in a contractual or employment relationship in the performance of

1 pharmacy benefits management for a managed care company, nonprofit  
2 hospital, medical service organization, insurance company, third-  
3 party payor or a health program administered by a department of this  
4 state. PBM does not include a Pharmacy Services Administrative  
5 Organization;

6 ~~6.~~ 14. "Pharmacy benefits management" means a service provided  
7 to covered entities to facilitate the provisions of prescription  
8 drug benefits to covered individuals within the state, including,  
9 but not limited to, negotiating pricing and other terms with drug  
10 manufacturers and providers. Pharmacy benefits management may  
11 include any or all of the following services:

- 12 a. claims processing, retail network management, and  
13 payment of claims to pharmacies for prescription drugs  
14 dispensed to covered individuals,
- 15 b. administration or management of pharmacy discount  
16 cards or programs,
- 17 c. clinical formulary development and management  
18 services, or
- 19 d. rebate contracting and administration;

20 15. "Price protection rebate" means a negotiated price  
21 concession that accrues directly or indirectly to the health  
22 insurer, or other party on behalf of the health insurer, in the  
23 event of an increase in the wholesale acquisition of a drug above a  
24 specified threshold;

1       ~~7.~~ 16. "Provider" means a pharmacy, as defined in Section 353.1  
2 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes or an agent or representative  
3 of a pharmacy;

4       17. "Rebates" means:

- 5       a. negotiated price concessions including, but not  
6       limited to, base price concessions (whether described  
7       as a rebate or otherwise) and reasonable estimates of  
8       any price protection rebates and performance-based  
9       price concessions that may accrue directly or  
10       indirectly to a health insurer, health plan, or PBM  
11       during the coverage year from a manufacturer,  
12       dispensing pharmacy, or other party in connection with  
13       the dispensing or administration of a prescription  
14       drug, and
- 15       b. reasonable estimates of any price concessions, fees,  
16       and other administrative costs that are passed  
17       through, or are reasonably anticipated to be passed  
18       through, to a health insurer, health plan, or PBM and  
19       serve to reduce the health insurer, health plan, or  
20       PBM's liabilities for a prescription drug;

21       ~~8.~~ 18. "Retail pharmacy network" means retail pharmacy  
22 providers contracted with a PBM in which the pharmacy primarily  
23 fills and sells prescriptions via a retail, storefront location;

1       ~~9.~~ 19. "Rural service area" means a five-digit ZIP code in  
2 which the population density is less than one thousand (1,000)  
3 individuals per square mile;

4       ~~10.~~ 20. "Spread pricing" means a prescription drug pricing  
5 model utilized by a pharmacy benefits manager in which the PBM  
6 charges a health benefit plan a contracted price for prescription  
7 drugs that differs from the amount the PBM directly or indirectly  
8 pays the pharmacy or pharmacist for providing pharmacy services;

9       ~~11.~~ 21. "Suburban service area" means a five-digit ZIP code in  
10 which the population density is between one thousand (1,000) and  
11 three thousand (3,000) individuals per square mile; and

12       ~~12.~~ 22. "Urban service area" means a five-digit ZIP code in  
13 which the population density is greater than three thousand (3,000)  
14 individuals per square mile.

15       B. Nothing in the definitions of pharmacy benefits manager or  
16 pharmacy benefits management as such terms are defined in the  
17 Patient's Right to Pharmacy Choice Act, the Pharmacy Audit Integrity  
18 Act, or Sections 357 through 360 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma  
19 Statutes shall be construed to deem the following entities to be a  
20 pharmacy benefits manager:

21       1. An employer of its own self-funded health benefit plan,  
22 except, to the extent permitted by applicable law, where the  
23 employer without the utilization of a third party and unrelated to  
24 the employer's own pharmacy:

- 1 a. negotiates directly with drug manufacturers,
- 2 b. processes claims on behalf of its members, or
- 3 c. manages its own retail network of pharmacies; or

4 2. A pharmacy that provides a patient with a discount card or  
5 program that is for exclusive use at the pharmacy offering the  
6 discount.

7 SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 36 O.S. 2021, Section 6962, as  
8 last amended by Section 2, Chapter 306, O.S.L. 2024 (36 O.S. Supp.  
9 2024, Section 6962), is amended to read as follows:

10 Section 6962. A. The Attorney General shall review and approve  
11 retail pharmacy network access for all pharmacy benefits managers  
12 (PBMs) to ensure compliance with Section 6961 of this title.

13 B. A PBM, or an agent of a PBM, shall not:

14 1. Cause or knowingly permit the use of advertisement,  
15 promotion, solicitation, representation, proposal or offer that is  
16 untrue, deceptive or misleading;

17 2. Charge a pharmacist or pharmacy a fee related to the  
18 adjudication of a claim including without limitation a fee for:

- 19 a. the submission of a claim,
- 20 b. enrollment or participation in a retail pharmacy  
21 network, or
- 22 c. the development or management of claims processing  
23 services or claims payment services related to  
24 participation in a retail pharmacy network;

1           3. Reimburse a pharmacy or pharmacist in the state an amount  
2 less than the amount that the PBM reimburses a pharmacy owned by or  
3 under common ownership with a PBM for providing the same covered  
4 services. The reimbursement amount paid to the pharmacy shall be  
5 equal to the reimbursement amount calculated on a per-unit basis  
6 using the same generic product identifier or generic code number  
7 paid to the PBM-owned or PBM-affiliated pharmacy;

8           4. Deny a provider the opportunity to participate in any  
9 pharmacy network at preferred participation status if the provider  
10 is willing to accept the terms and conditions that the PBM has  
11 established for other providers as a condition of preferred network  
12 participation status;

13           5. Deny, limit or terminate a provider's contract based on  
14 employment status of any employee who has an active license to  
15 dispense, despite probation status, with the State Board of  
16 Pharmacy;

17           6. Retroactively deny or reduce reimbursement for a covered  
18 service claim after returning a paid claim response as part of the  
19 adjudication of the claim, unless:

- 20           a. the original claim was submitted fraudulently, or
- 21           b. to correct errors identified in an audit, so long as
- 22                 the audit was conducted in compliance with Sections
- 23                 356.2 and 356.3 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

1 7. Fail to make any payment due to a pharmacy or pharmacist for  
2 covered services properly rendered in the event a PBM terminates a  
3 provider from a pharmacy benefits manager network;

4 8. ~~Conduct or practice~~ Either directly or through an  
5 intermediary, agent, or affiliate, engage in, facilitate, or enter  
6 into a contract with another person involving spread pricing, as  
7 defined in Section 6960 of this title, in this state; ~~or~~

8 9. Charge a pharmacist or pharmacy a fee related to  
9 participation in a retail pharmacy network including but not limited  
10 to the following:

- 11 a. an application fee,
- 12 b. an enrollment or participation fee,
- 13 c. a credentialing or re-credentialing fee,
- 14 d. a change of ownership fee, or
- 15 e. a fee for the development or management of claims  
16 processing services or claims payment services; or

17 10. Prohibit or penalize a pharmacy or pharmacist for:

- 18 a. disclosing to an individual information regarding the  
19 existence and clinical efficacy of a generic  
20 equivalent that would be less expensive to the  
21 enrollee:

- 22 (1) under his or her health plan prescription drug  
23 benefit, or

1           (2) outside his or her health plan prescription drug  
2           benefit, without requesting any health plan  
3           reimbursement, than the drug that was originally  
4           prescribed, or

5       b. selling to an individual, instead of a particular  
6       prescribed drug, a therapeutically equivalent drug  
7       that would be less expensive to the enrollee:

8           (1) under his or her health plan prescription drug  
9           benefit, or

10          (2) outside his or her health plan prescription drug  
11          benefit, without requesting any health plan  
12          reimbursement, than the drug that was originally  
13          prescribed.

14       C. The prohibitions under this section shall apply to contracts  
15 between pharmacy benefits managers and providers for participation  
16 in retail pharmacy networks.

17       1. A PBM contract shall:

18           a. not restrict, directly or indirectly, any pharmacy  
19           that dispenses a prescription drug from informing, or  
20           penalize such pharmacy for informing, an individual of  
21           any differential between the individual's out-of-  
22           pocket cost or coverage with respect to acquisition of  
23           the drug and the amount an individual would pay to  
24           purchase the drug directly, and



1           b.    ensure that any entity that provides pharmacy benefits  
2                   management services under a contract with any such  
3                   health plan or health insurance coverage does not,  
4                   with respect to such plan or coverage, restrict,  
5                   directly or indirectly, a pharmacy that dispenses a  
6                   prescription drug from informing, or penalize such  
7                   pharmacy for informing, a covered individual of any  
8                   differential between the individual's out-of-pocket  
9                   cost under the plan or coverage with respect to  
10                  acquisition of the drug and the amount an individual  
11                  would pay for acquisition of the drug without using  
12                  any health plan or health insurance coverage.

13           2.    A pharmacy benefits manager's contract with a provider shall  
14           not prohibit, restrict, or limit disclosure of information or  
15           documents to the Attorney General, law enforcement or state and  
16           federal governmental officials investigating or examining a  
17           complaint or conducting a review of a pharmacy benefits manager's  
18           compliance with the requirements under the Patient's Right to  
19           Pharmacy Choice Act, the Pharmacy Audit Integrity Act, and Sections  
20           357 through 360 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

21           D.    A pharmacy benefits manager shall:

22           1.    Establish and maintain an electronic claim inquiry  
23           processing system using the National Council for Prescription Drug  
24

1 Programs' current standards to communicate information to pharmacies  
2 submitting claim inquiries;

3 2. Fully disclose to insurers, self-funded employers, unions or  
4 other PBM clients the existence of the respective aggregate  
5 prescription drug discounts, rebates received from drug  
6 manufacturers and pharmacy audit recoupments;

7 3. Provide the Attorney General, insurers, self-funded employer  
8 plans and unions unrestricted audit rights of and access to the  
9 respective PBM pharmaceutical manufacturer and provider contracts,  
10 plan utilization data, plan pricing data, pharmacy utilization data  
11 and pharmacy pricing data;

12 4. Maintain, for no less than three (3) years, documentation of  
13 all network development activities including but not limited to  
14 contract negotiations and any denials to providers to join networks.  
15 This documentation shall be made available to the Attorney General  
16 upon request; and

17 5. Report to the Attorney General, on a quarterly basis for  
18 each health insurer payor, on the following information:

- 19 a. the aggregate amount of rebates received by the PBM,
- 20 b. the aggregate amount of rebates distributed to the  
21 appropriate health insurer payor,
- 22 c. the aggregate amount of rebates passed on to the  
23 enrollees of each health insurer payor at the point of  
24 sale that reduced the applicable deductible,

1 copayment, coinsure or other cost sharing amount of  
2 the enrollee,

3 d. the individual and aggregate amount paid by the health  
4 insurer payor to the PBM for pharmacy services  
5 itemized by pharmacy, drug product and service  
6 provided, and

7 e. the individual and aggregate amount a PBM paid a  
8 provider for pharmacy services itemized by pharmacy,  
9 drug product and service provided.

10 E. Nothing in the Patient's Right to Pharmacy Choice Act shall  
11 prohibit the Attorney General from requesting and obtaining detailed  
12 data, including raw data, in response to the information provided by  
13 a PBM in the quarterly reports required by this section. The  
14 Attorney General may alter the frequency of the reports required by  
15 this section at his or her sole discretion.

16 F. The Attorney General may promulgate rules to implement the  
17 provisions of the Patient's Right to Pharmacy Choice Act, the  
18 Pharmacy Audit Integrity Act, and Sections 357 through 360 of Title  
19 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

20 SECTION 6. AMENDATORY 36 O.S. 2021, Section 6964, is  
21 amended to read as follows:

22 Section 6964. A. A health ~~insurer's~~ insurer or its agent's,  
23 including pharmacy benefits managers, pharmacy and therapeutics  
24 committee (P&T committee) shall establish a formulary, which shall

1 be a list of prescription drugs, both generic and brand name, used  
2 by practitioners to identify drugs that offer the greatest overall  
3 value.

4 ~~B. A health insurer shall prohibit conflicts of interest for~~  
5 ~~members of the P&T committee.~~ The P&T committee shall review the  
6 formulary annually and must meet the following requirements:

7 1. ~~A person may not serve on a P&T committee if the person is~~  
8 ~~currently employed or was employed within the preceding year by a~~  
9 ~~pharmaceutical manufacturer, developer, labeler, wholesaler or~~  
10 ~~distributor.~~ A majority of P&T committee members shall be  
11 practicing physicians, practicing pharmacists, or both, and shall be  
12 licensed in Oklahoma;

13 2. ~~A health insurer shall require any member of the P&T~~  
14 ~~committee to disclose any compensation or funding from a~~  
15 ~~pharmaceutical manufacturer, developer, labeler, wholesaler or~~  
16 ~~distributor.~~ ~~Such P&T committee member shall be recused from voting~~  
17 ~~on any product manufactured or sold by such pharmaceutical~~  
18 ~~manufacturer, developer, labeler, wholesaler or distributor.~~ P&T  
19 committee members shall practice in various clinical specialties  
20 that adequately represent the needs of health plan enrollees, and  
21 there shall be an adequate number of high-volume specialists and  
22 specialists treating rare and orphan diseases;

23 3. The P&T committee shall meet no less frequently than on a  
24 quarterly basis;

1       4. P&T committee formulary development shall be conducted  
2 pursuant to a transparent process, and formulary decisions and  
3 rationale shall be documented in writing, with any records and  
4 documents relating to the process available upon request to the  
5 health plan, subject to the conditions in subsection C of this  
6 section. In the case of P&T committee decisions that relate to  
7 Medicaid managed care organizations' prescription drug coverage  
8 policies, if the P&T committee relies upon any third party to  
9 provide cost-effectiveness analysis or research, the P&T committee  
10 shall:

11           a. disclose to the health benefit plan, the state, and  
12           the general public the name of the relevant third  
13           party, and

14           b. provide a process through which patients and providers  
15           potentially impacted by the third party's analysis or  
16           research may provide input to the P&T committee;

17       5. Specialists with current clinical expertise who actively  
18 treat patients in a specific therapeutic area, and the specific  
19 conditions within a therapeutic area, shall participate in formulary  
20 decisions regarding each therapeutic area and specific condition;

21       6. The P&T committee shall base its clinical decisions on the  
22 strength of scientific evidence, standards of practice, and  
23 nationally accepted treatment guidelines;

1        7. The P&T committee shall consider whether a particular drug  
2 has a clinically meaningful therapeutic advantage over other drugs  
3 in terms of safety, effectiveness, or clinical outcome for patient  
4 populations who may be treated with the drug;

5        8. The P&T committee shall evaluate and analyze treatment  
6 protocols and procedures related to the health plan's formulary at  
7 least annually;

8        9. The P&T committee shall review formulary management  
9 activities, including exceptions and appeals processes, prior  
10 authorization, step therapy, quantity limits, generic substitutions,  
11 therapeutic interchange, and other drug utilization management  
12 activities for clinical appropriateness and consistency with  
13 industry standards and patient and provider organization guidelines;

14        10. The P&T committee shall annually review and provide a  
15 written report to the pharmacy benefits manager on:

- 16        a. the percentage of prescription drugs on formulary  
17        subject to each of the types of utilization management  
18        described in paragraph 9 of this subsection,
- 19        b. rates of adherence and nonadherence to medicines by  
20        therapeutic area,
- 21        c. rates of abandonment of medicines by therapeutic area,
- 22        d. recommendations for improved adherence and reduced  
23        abandonment,

1           e. recommendations for improvement in formulary  
2           management practices consistent with patient and  
3           provider organization and other clinical guidelines;  
4           provided that the report shall be subject to the  
5           conditions in subsection C of this section;

6           11. The P&T committee shall review and make a formulary  
7           decision on a new U.S. Food and Drug Administration approved drug  
8           within ninety (90) days of such drug's approval, or shall provide a  
9           clinical justification if this time frame is not met;

10           12. The P&T committee shall review procedures for medical  
11           review of, and transitioning new plan enrollees to, appropriate  
12           formulary alternatives to ensure that such procedures appropriately  
13           address situations involving enrollees stabilized on drugs that are  
14           not on the health plan formulary (or that are on formulary but  
15           subject to prior authorization, step therapy, or other utilization  
16           management requirements).

17           C. The health insurer, its agents, including pharmacy benefits  
18           managers, and the Department shall not publish or otherwise disclose  
19           any confidential, proprietary information, including, but not  
20           limited to, any information that would reveal the identity of a  
21           specific health plan, the prices charged for a specific drug or  
22           class of drugs, the amount of any rebates provided for a specific  
23           drug or class of drugs, the manufacturer, or that would otherwise  
24           have the potential to compromise the financial, competitive, or

1 proprietary nature of the information. Any such information shall  
2 be protected from disclosure as confidential and proprietary  
3 information, is not a public record as defined in the Oklahoma Open  
4 Records Act, Section 24A.1 et seq. of Title 51 of the Oklahoma  
5 Statutes, and shall not be disclosed directly or indirectly. A  
6 health insurer shall impose the confidentiality protections of this  
7 section on any vendor or downstream third party that performs health  
8 care or administrative services on behalf of the pharmacy benefits  
9 manager that may receive or have access to rebate information.

10 SECTION 7. AMENDATORY 59 O.S. 2021, Section 357, as  
11 amended by Section 4, Chapter 332, O.S.L. 2024 (59 O.S. Supp. 2024,  
12 Section 357), is amended to read as follows:

13 Section 357. A. As used in Sections 357 through 360 of this  
14 title:

15 1. "Covered entity" means a nonprofit hospital or medical  
16 service organization, for-profit hospital or medical service  
17 organization, insurer, health benefit plan, health maintenance  
18 organization, health program administered by the state in the  
19 capacity of providing health coverage, or an employer, labor union,  
20 or other group of persons that provides health coverage to persons  
21 in this state. This term does not include a health benefit plan  
22 that provides coverage only for accidental injury, specified  
23 disease, hospital indemnity, disability income, or other limited

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1 benefit health insurance policies and contracts that do not include  
2 prescription drug coverage;

3 2. "Covered individual" means a member, participant, enrollee,  
4 contract holder or policy holder or beneficiary of a covered entity  
5 who is provided health coverage by the covered entity. A covered  
6 individual includes any dependent or other person provided health  
7 coverage through a policy, contract or plan for a covered  
8 individual;

9 3. "Department" means the Insurance Department;

10 4. "Maximum allowable cost", "MAC", or "MAC list" means the  
11 list of drug products delineating the maximum per-unit reimbursement  
12 for multiple-source prescription drugs, medical product, or device;

13 5. "Multisource drug product reimbursement" (reimbursement)  
14 means the total amount paid to a pharmacy inclusive of any reduction  
15 in payment to the pharmacy, excluding prescription dispense fees;

16 6. "Office" means the Office of the Attorney General;

17 7. "Pharmacy benefits management" means a service provided to  
18 covered entities to facilitate the provision of prescription drug  
19 benefits to covered individuals within the state, including  
20 negotiating pricing and other terms with drug manufacturers and  
21 providers. Pharmacy benefits management may include any or all of  
22 the following services:

23 a. claims processing, performance of drug utilization  
24 review, processing of drug prior authorization

1           requests, retail network management and payment of  
2           claims to pharmacies for prescription drugs dispensed  
3           to covered individuals,

4           b.    clinical formulary development and management  
5           services, ~~or~~

6           c.    rebate contracting and administration,

7           d.    adjudication of appeals and grievances related to the  
8           prescription drug benefit, or

9           e.    controlling the cost of prescription drugs;

10          8.    "Pharmacy benefits manager" or "PBM" means a person,  
11          business, or other entity that, either directly or through an  
12          intermediary, performs pharmacy benefits management. The term shall  
13          include a person or entity acting on behalf of a PBM in a  
14          contractual or employment relationship in the performance of  
15          pharmacy benefits management for a managed care company, nonprofit  
16          hospital, medical service organization, insurance company, third-  
17          party payor, or a health program administered by an agency or  
18          department of this state. PBM does not include a Pharmacy Services  
19          Administrative Organization;

20          9.    "Plan sponsor" means the employers, insurance companies,  
21          unions and health maintenance organizations or any other entity  
22          responsible for establishing, maintaining, or administering a health  
23          benefit plan on behalf of covered individuals; and

1           10. "Provider" means a pharmacy licensed by the State Board of  
2 Pharmacy, or an agent or representative of a pharmacy, including,  
3 but not limited to, the pharmacy's contracting agent, which  
4 dispenses prescription drugs or devices to covered individuals.

5           B. Nothing in the definition of pharmacy benefits management or  
6 pharmacy benefits manager in the Patient's Right to Pharmacy Choice  
7 Act, Pharmacy Audit Integrity Act, or Sections 357 through 360 of  
8 this title shall deem an employer a "pharmacy benefits manager" of  
9 its own self-funded health benefit plan, except, to the extent  
10 permitted by applicable law, where the employer, without the  
11 utilization of a third party and unrelated to the employer's own  
12 pharmacy:

- 13           a. negotiates directly with drug manufacturers,
- 14           b. processes claims on behalf of its members, or
- 15           c. manages its own retail network of pharmacies.

16           SECTION 8.           AMENDATORY           59 O.S. 2021, Section 358, as  
17 amended by Section 5, Chapter 332, O.S.L. 2024 (59 O.S. Supp. 2024,  
18 Section 358), is amended to read as follows:

19           Section 358. A. In order to provide pharmacy benefits  
20 management or any of the services included under the definition of  
21 pharmacy benefits management in this state, a pharmacy benefits  
22 manager or any entity acting as one in a contractual or employment  
23 relationship for a covered entity shall first obtain a license from  
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1 the Insurance Department, and the Department may charge a fee for  
2 such licensure.

3 B. The Department shall establish, by regulation, licensure  
4 procedures, required disclosures for pharmacy benefits managers  
5 (PBMs) and other rules as may be necessary for carrying out and  
6 enforcing the provisions of this title. The licensure procedures  
7 shall, at a minimum, include the completion of an application form  
8 that shall include ~~the name and address of an agent for service of~~  
9 ~~process, the payment of a requisite fee, and evidence of the~~  
10 ~~procurement of a surety bond~~ the following:

11 1. The name, address, and telephone contact number of the PBM;

12 2. The name and address of the PBM's agent for service of  
13 process in the state;

14 3. The name and address of each person with management or  
15 control over the PBM;

16 4. Evidence of the procurement of a surety bond;

17 5. The name and address of each person with a beneficial  
18 ownership interest in the PBM;

19 6. In the case of a PBM applicant that is a partnership or  
20 other unincorporated association, limited liability corporation, or  
21 corporation, and has five or more partners, members, or  
22 stockholders:

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1       a. the applicant shall specify its legal structure and  
2       the total number of partners, members, or  
3       stockholders,

4       b. the applicant shall specify the name, address, usual  
5       occupation, and professional qualifications of the  
6       five partners, members, or stockholders with the five  
7       largest ownership interests in the PBM, and

8       c. the applicant shall agree that, upon request by the  
9       Department, it shall furnish the Department with  
10       information regarding the name, address, usual  
11       occupation, and professional qualifications of any  
12       other partners, members, or stockholders;

13       7. A signed statement indicating that the PBM has not been  
14       convicted of a felony and has not violated any of the requirements  
15       of the Oklahoma Pharmacy Act and the Patient's Right to Pharmacy  
16       Choice Act, or, if the applicant cannot provide such a statement, a  
17       signed statement describing all relevant convictions or violations;  
18       and

19       8. Any other information the Commissioner deems necessary to  
20       review.

21       C. The Department or the Office of the Attorney General may  
22 subpoena witnesses and information. Its compliance officers may  
23 take and copy records for investigative use and prosecutions.  
24 Nothing in this subsection shall limit the Office of the Attorney

1 General from using its investigative demand authority to investigate  
2 and prosecute violations of the law.

3 D. The Department may suspend, revoke or refuse to issue or  
4 renew a license for noncompliance with any of the provisions hereby  
5 established or with the rules promulgated by the Department; for  
6 conduct likely to mislead, deceive or defraud the public or the  
7 Department; for unfair or deceptive business practices or for  
8 nonpayment of an application or renewal fee or fine. The Department  
9 may also levy administrative fines for each count of which a PBM has  
10 been convicted in a Department hearing.

11 E. 1. The Office of the Attorney General, after notice and  
12 opportunity for hearing, may instruct the Insurance Commissioner  
13 that the PBM's license be censured, suspended, or revoked for  
14 conduct likely to mislead, deceive, or defraud the public or the  
15 State of Oklahoma; or for unfair or deceptive business practices, or  
16 for any violation of the Patient's Right to Pharmacy Choice Act, the  
17 Pharmacy Audit Integrity Act, or Sections 357 through 360 of this  
18 title. The Office of the Attorney General may also levy  
19 administrative fines for each count of which a PBM has been  
20 convicted following a hearing before the Attorney General. If the  
21 Attorney General makes such instruction, the Commissioner shall  
22 enforce the instructed action within thirty (30) calendar days.

23 2. In addition to or in lieu of any censure, suspension, or  
24 revocation of a license by the Commissioner, the Attorney General

1 may levy a civil or administrative fine of not less than One Hundred  
2 Dollars (\$100.00) and not greater than Ten Thousand Dollars  
3 (\$10,000.00) for each violation of this subsection and/or assess any  
4 other penalty or remedy authorized by this section. For purposes of  
5 this section, each day a PBM fails to comply with an investigation  
6 or inquiry may be considered a separate violation.

7 F. The Attorney General may promulgate rules to implement the  
8 provisions of Sections 357 through 360 of this title.

9 SECTION 9. This act shall become effective November 1, 2025.

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